

## Ten Years Centre for OSCE Research (CORE)

Ten years ago CORE was founded in the presence of many prominent personalities – then Federal President Johannes Rau participated in the founding act as



*CORE Researchers: Wolfgang Zellner, Frank Evers, Elena Kropatcheva, Diana Digol, Anna Kreikemeyer (f.l.t.r., Photo JR)*

did the First Mayor of the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg, Ortwin Runde, the OSCE Secretary General, Ambassador Jan Kubis and more than half a dozen OSCE ambassadors. At that time, the Centre for OSCE

Research represented more a hope than a showcase of significant achievements. Certainly, five volumes of the OSCE Yearbook had already been published and an initial research project on the High Commissioner on National Minorities had been started, but nearly everything else was still in the planning stage.

Ten research projects, 25 policy papers and 10 volumes of the OSCE Yearbook further on, the picture has changed. Worldwide, CORE is the only research institute that continuously follows the OSCE's activities. A considerable proportion of the literature on the OSCE is generated in the context of CORE. Important areas of OSCE activities – its field operations, the HCNM, its police activities, and its democratization

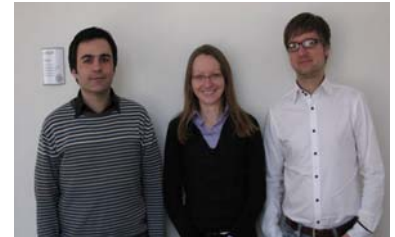


*OSCE Yearbook team: Ursel Schlichting and Graeme Currie (Photo JR)*

work in Central Asia – have been subjects of CORE research projects. Since 2001, dialogue projects between secular forces and (moderate) Islamists have been implemented in Tajikistan and Central Asia.

CORE has substantially contributed to the founding of the OSCE Academy in Bishkek and currently the Centre is supporting the establishment of the OSCE Border Management Staff College in Dushanbe. Training courses for future OSCE Chairmanship coun-

tries have become a specific trademark. They were implemented in 2007 and 2008 for Kazakhstan and in 2009 for a mixed group of Kazakhstan and Lithuanian diplomats. In addition, we have actively participated in the OSCE's discussions: Whether the Corfu process, the Forum for Security Co-operation or the Annual Security Review Conference – CORE is frequently represented in Vienna.



*CORE PhD candidates, Sebastian Schiek, Lena Kulipanowa Ulrich Kühn (Photo JR)*

All of this has only been possible because we cooperated with many relevant institutions and they with us. First among them is the German Federal Foreign Office that has supported CORE since 1999. Without the many discussions with staff members of the Federal Foreign Office, but also with the delegations in Vienna, the OSCE Secretariat and the OSCE institutions and field operations, our work would not have been possible in this manner. The same holds true for our manifold contacts with scholars in a number of countries.

And the next ten years?

There will be enough work for twenty! First, there is the new European security dialogue that started with President Medvedev's proposals and will take years. This also means working in more depth on a number of issues from arms control and crisis management to energy security and the institutional inter-linkage of Europe. Further on, we want to expand our regional expertise, particularly on Russia and the other East European countries, the South Caucasus and Central Asia. And finally, we want to continue what we have done over the last ten years: editing OSCE Yearbooks, following the development of the Organization, offering advice to the OSCE, governments and institutions, and assisting, through our training programs, in establishing practical expertise in European security building.

## International Afghanistan Conference in Hamburg

Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart (Head ZEUS/IFSH), Prof Charles



*Prof Charles Pentland, Hans-Georg Ehrhart, US-General Consul Karen E. Johnes, Prof Sven Garreis, (f.l.t.r.), (Foto JR)*

Pentland (Queen's Centre for International Relations, Kingston/Ca) and Prof. Sven Gareis (German Command and Staff College/FüAkBw) organized an international conference on Afghanistan on 25 and

26 March 2010. More than 40 participants with various professional backgrounds (international Organizations, think tanks, armed forces, policy, NGOs, media) attended the conference and discussed in seven panels the overall topic "Security Governance by comprehensive approach? NATO and the international community at the Afghan crossroads".

In the first panel chaired by Hans-Georg Ehrhart (IFSH) representatives of NATO (Mihai Carp) and the UN (Eckard Schiewek) presented the respective approaches. By this it became clear that an effective cooperation is being undermined by the logics of the differing concepts (reintegration versus reconciliation). The second panel (chaired by Dr Axel Krohn, speakers: Marina Laker, Canadian Embassy, and Prof. Sven Gareis, FüAkBw) dealt with the comprehensive approach and its implementation. While Canada made this approach work by consequent structural reforms and strong political will, Germany is still struggling to make its concept of networked security work on the ground. The third panel was chaired by Klaus Schreiner (GTZ) (panelists: Richard Roy, Canadian Forces, and Dr Jochen Hippler, INEF) dealt with the problems of counterinsurgency (COIN). The conditions for effective COIN and the similarities with complex peace support operations were debated. COIN should not be misunderstood as a mere technical problem because it is political in the first place. In the hub of each COIN operation is the question of legitimacy of the government. The fourth panel was chaired by Martin Kipping (BMZ) (panelists: Robert Lindner, Oxfam, and Citha Maass, SWP). In this panel it was emphasized that humanitarian actors cannot partner with the military in an integrationist sense. There should be a clear delineation of and respect for the different competences and logics of action. However, joint planning and the concentration on comparative advantages could be strived for. The fifth panel (Chair: Captain (Navy) ret. Heinz-Dieter Jopp, ISZA, panelists: Prof Mark Sedra, Waterloo Uni-

versity, and Dr Eva Gross, Free University of Brussels) broached the issue of security sector reform. The state of military and policy reform were presented and the implementation of NATO's and the EU's SSR policy were critically reviewed. The role of Pakistan was the main issue dealt with in the sixth panel (Chair: PD Dr Stefan Bayer, FüAkBw; panelists: PD Dr Wolfgang Wagner, SWP, and Prof. Julian Schofield, Concordia University). The panelists presented the historic background and the actual challenges Pakistan is facing as well as the socio-economic conditions of its relation with Afghanistan and the special role of the Pakistani army. The final panel chaired by Prof Charles Pentland (QCIR) (panelists: Consul General Karen E. Johnes, USA, and Timo Christians, Deutsche Welthungerhilfe, and General ret. Helmut Ganser) dealt with challenges and lessons for NATO and the international community. One of them was that the "West" should stick to its own norms, another one that development cooperation in a COIN environment is very problematic. This led to the conclusion that more time should be invested on strategy building and that politicians should be more cautious with regard to decisions implicating the use of military force.

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### How to Continue in Afghanistan? Public Debate at the IFSH



*Rolf Mützenich, Mihai Carp, Hans-Georg Erhart, William Moeller, Wolfgang Jamann*

The night before the Afghanistan Conference a debate under the title of "How to continue in Afghanistan? NATO and the international community at the crossroads" took place at the IFSH, being attended by more than 70 interested parties.

Chaired by Hans-Georg Erhart (Head of ZEUS/IFSH) Rolf Mützenich (Spokesman of Foreign Affairs of the SPD Governmental Faction), Mihai Carp (International NATO Staff), William Moeller (Chairman of the Political-Military Department of the US-Embassy) and Wolfgang Jamann (Deutsche Welthungerhilfe) discussed problems and perspectives of international engagement in the conflict region.

Mihai Carp illustrated NATO's new strategy and its focus on handing over responsibility to the Afghan security forces as soon as possible, describing the co-

operation of different actors, the "Comprehensive Approach", to have improved. William Moeller criticized the civil and military resources provided by states as insufficient. In his opinion the USA will not reduce their engagement in Afghanistan until the country has been reasonably stabilized. Wolfgang Jamann stated that an approach of networked security made work for the aid organizations more complicated by creating a comingling of mandates and in consequence a corruption of international development. This approach should be contrasted by the concept of "Human Security". Rolf Mützenich expressed his doubts on the success of the measures decided at the London Afghanistan-Conference. He pointed out structural problems in the development of Afghan police forces and the necessity of involving Afghanistan's neighboring states more in the process of conflict regulation. Referring to President Karzai's request he verified the position of the SPD to phase the international military engagement out in the timeframe 2013-2015. Hans-Georg Erhart concluded the event by quoting the former German Federal chancellor Helmut Schmidt, according to whom the situation in Afghanistan resembled a classic Greek tragedy. He underlined the influence of western political decisions on the process of occurrences in Afghanistan, in a positive way as much as in a negative way. Furthermore it would be important to draw the right conclusions in matters of future engagements.

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## New Project on the Reduction of Tactical Nuclear Weapons

Over the next twelve months, the IFSH will cooperate with the Arms Control Association and the British American Security Information Council in the context of a project on tactical nuclear weapons in Europe funded by the Hewlett Foundation. The project seeks to advance understanding of and support for steps to reduce the role and number of tactical nuclear weapons in Europe and Russia in the context of broader efforts to diminish the importance of nuclear weapons in Europe. It aims especially at the withdrawal of all U.S. nuclear weapons from Europe in the context of the review of NATO's Strategic Concept.

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## EU-Project on Missile Proliferation

On 25 and 26 March 2010, the EU-Workshop "Strengthening the Hague Code of Conduct (HCOG against) Ballistic Missile Proliferation" was held in Vienna. Götz Neuneck participated with ten other experts in the workshop at the invitation of the "Fondation pour la Recherche Stratégique" from Paris. The gathering goes back to the European Council decision from 18 December 2008. Delegations from more than 40 countries have come to discuss the interim results. In 2010 a regional workshop and a study is also planned.

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## OSCE Rule-of-Law Assistance CORE and the German Federal Foreign Office Jointly Conduct Workshop in Vienna



*At the workshop: (from l to r.) Carsten Weber (OSCE BDIR), Frank Evers, Wolfgang Zellner and Lothar Freischlager (German Foreign Office)*

CORE and the German Federal Foreign Office jointly conducted a workshop on OSCE rule-of-law assistance in Vienna, 25 – 26 March 2010. The workshop focused on two specific topics: the independence of the judiciary and administrative justice reforms in three regions - Eastern Europe, the South Caucasus and Central Asia. As one of the participating States that took the initiative in proposing the OSCE Helsinki Ministerial Council Decision on "Further Strengthening the Rule of Law in the OSCE Area" (2008) and campaigned for its adoption, Germany considered this to be an appropriate time to further discuss suitable ways of its implementation. This was the driving motive for convening the workshop.

The workshop had more than 30 participants including high-ranking government officials from Belarus, Georgia, Russia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan, OSCE rule-of-law officers from the OSCE field operations, representatives of the Kazakh OSCE Chairman-in-Office and the current OSCE Troika, the directorship and leading rule-of-law experts of the OSCE Office for

Democratic Institutions and Human Rights (ODIHR), representatives of the Venice Commission of the Council of Europe as well as members of think tanks in Germany and elsewhere. During the two days of the workshop, discussions were held in a lively atmosphere on governmental and non-governmental expectations vis-à-vis OSCE rule-of-law assistance, best practices and the specific requirements of OSCE field work, as well as on assistance by development agencies and donor organizations. The workshop was a reflective contribution to the ongoing OSCE dialogue on common European values.

See also: German Federal Foreign Office, Foreign Ministry promotes Rule of Law, at:

<http://www.auswaertigesamt.de/diplo/de/Aussenpolitik/InternatOrgane/OSZE/100326-Rechtsstaatsseminar,navCtx=21914.html> [German only]

<http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/diplo/en/Startseite.html>  
[Foreign Ministry Website in English]

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## **IFAR<sup>2</sup> Presentations on Disarmament and Nonproliferation in Warsaw, Tokyo and Brussels**

On 25 – 26 March 2010, Oliver Meier participated in a seminar on “The Perceptions of EU’s New Members on the Issues of Nuclear Disarmament and Deterrence”, which had been organized by the CERI at Fondation Nationale des Sciences Politiques (Sciences Po) in Paris and The Polish Institute of International Affairs in Warsaw. The meeting had been initiated by the French Ministry of Defense and was aimed, among other things, at evaluating the role of nuclear weapons in NATO’s new Strategic Concept. Oliver Meier gave an input to a roundtable on NATO as deterrence and reassurance provider to Central and Eastern Europe.

On 8 - 9 March 2010, Meier took part in the Japanese-German Dialogue on Non-Proliferation, which was organized by the Heinrich-Böll Foundation and the Japanese-German Centre Berlin in cooperation with the Centre for the Promotion of Disarmament and Non-Proliferation at the Japan Institute for International Affairs in Tokyo. Meier spoke on perspectives for cooperation between Japan and Germany on nuclear disarmament and nonproliferation. His presentation can be found on the website of the Heinrich Böll Foundation.

On 2 - 3 March 2010, Meier participated as an external expert in the strategy meeting of the Conference of European Churches in Brussels on the Nuclear Non-

proliferation Treaty (NPT) and spoke about the role of the European Union at the forthcoming NPT Review Conference.

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## **A Discussion on the NPT Review Conference in Warsaw**

On 15 March 2010, the Polish Institute of International Affairs held a one-day workshop on "Members of the European Union at the 2010 NPT Review Conference – How to achieve success?" in Warsaw, in which about 20 representatives from the U.S., Egypt, Germany, Britain and Poland took part. In his key note speech the former Polish foreign minister and former director of SIPRI Adam Daniel Rotfeld informed the participants on the debate about the strategic concept of NATO and the efforts to further disarmament. In the first session of the seminar Götz Neuneck gave a lecture on "Global Zero, nuclear disarmament and its influence on the Review Conference".

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## **Four IFAR-Lectures at the DPG Spring Meeting in Bonn**

At the 47th Annual Spring Conference of the German Physical Society (DPG), held from 15 to 19 March 2010 in the Bonn University, three IFAR members gave presentations at the session "Physics and Disarmament". Christian Alwardt spoke about the “impact of climate change on regional water systems and its potentially resulting conflict potential”, while Hans Christian Gils presented first results on the study "U.S. Missile Defense in and for Europe". Götz Neuneck described the problems for the strategic stability and for further nuclear disarmament which emerge with the introduction of comprehensive anti-missile defense. He also gave an overview of the progress of work of DPG’s Nuclear Test Ban Commission.

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## Convention of the German Association for Peace and Conflict Research (AFK) in Hamburg

The IFSH was co-organizer of the annual convention of the German Association for Peace and Conflict Research (AFK), which took place in Hamburg 26-28 February 2010

([http://www.afk-web.de/html/2010\\_\\_klimafolgenkonflikte.html](http://www.afk-web.de/html/2010__klimafolgenkonflikte.html)).

Hamburg was chosen because of the topic of the colloquium: Climate change and armed conflict. Relevant research is done e.g. within the CLISAP cluster of excellence ([www.clisap.de](http://www.clisap.de)), with which the IFSH is affiliated. Speaker of Honour was the former Federal Minister of the Environment and director of the UN Envi-

ronment Programme Klaus Töpfer. Michael Brzoska spoke on the "securitization" of climate change.

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## CORE on a Fact-Finding Tour by the Union of South American Nations

At the invitation of the German Federal Government, representatives of the member States of the Union of South American Nations (UNASUR) visited Berlin and Vienna from 21 to 27 February 2010 to collect information on Confidence- and Security-Building Measures (CSBMs). Within this framework, the Head of CORE, Wolfgang Zellner, joined the South American guests in the "Europasaal" of the German Federal Foreign Office and acquainted them with the principles, structures and institutions of the OSCE. In South America, where up until now there has been no CSBM regime, although there are relevant tensions between some states, there is a growing interest in CSBM and European experiences with them.

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## IFSH Case Study on Kosovo's KPC Resettlement Programme

Jens Narten prepared a 13-page handout and Power-Point presentation on 'Interview Findings and Voices on the KPC-RP' for the EU-sponsored MultiPart stakeholder roundtable in Prishtina/Kosovo held on 25 February 2010. These documents present preliminary findings of the upcoming IFSH-MultiPart Case Study on Kosovo's KPC Resettlement Programme.

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## Head of CORE at the OSCE Forum for Security Cooperation

Together with Andrei Zagorski (Moscow State Institute for International Relations) and David Law (Geneva Center for Democratic Control of Armed Forces) the Head of CORE, Wolfgang Zellner, participated on 24 February 2010 in a roundtable discussion on the principles of the "Code of Conduct on Politico-Military Aspects of Security" organized by the OSCE Forum for Security Co-operation (FSC). The FSC is the OSCE body in which its 56 participating States discuss issues of disarmament, arms control and confidence- and security-building measures and take related decisions. Zellner stressed that the Code of Conduct can provide a relevant normative contribution to the OSCE's security dialogue within the framework of the Corfu process, as it includes nearly all security-related principles of the OSCE in a concise manner. Both his contribution as well as the discussion showed the close relationship between the Code of Conduct and the draft European Security Treaty tabled by Russia in November 2009.

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## Conference on Missile Defense in Vienna

Following the reconfiguration of the U.S. missile defense plans in Europe the subject is increasingly discussed in Europe. Goetz Neuneck and Hans Christian Gil attended two meetings in Vienna, which dealt with the technical and political factors of various regional and global missile defense systems. Hans Christian Gils gave a presentation on his simulation programme MOD5 at the missile defense meeting of the Federal Ministry of Defense in Vienna. The following day he participated together with Goetz Neuneck at the international symposium "Ballistic Missile Defense – Global and Regional Dynamics" in the Diplomatic Academy on 18 and 19 February 2010, which was organized by the International Security Research Group of the University of Innsbruck. At that meeting approx. 100 participants discussed the various approaches and implications for missile defenses. Goetz Neuneck gave a lecture as part of the panel 3, which was devoted to "Missile Defense and Missile Proliferation".

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## IFSH at the International Studies Association (ISA) in New Orleans

Between 17 and 20 February 2010, Michael Brzoska, Hendrik Hegemann, and Sybille Reinke de Buitrago attended the annual convention of the International Studies Association (ISA) in New Orleans. Michael Brzoska presented a paper on "Changing Practices and Theories of Verification and Monitoring of Arms Control Agreements". Hendrik Hegemann presented parts of his dissertation project under the title "How International Organizations Matter: International Cooperation, Organizational Mechanisms, and the Fight against Transnational Terrorism". Sybille Reinke de Buitrago's paper dealt with "Advances and Limits of Social Constructivism: A Case Study".

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## Networking Occasion for Peace Researchers in Hamburg

On 12 February 2010, Jens Narten held a presentation on "External-local Interaction and Partnership Processes in Postwar Kosovo" at the interdisciplinary workshop "Exiting Violence: New Developments of Peace and Conflict Research in Hamburg", sponsored by the IFSH. This networking occasion brought together a variety of researchers in the field of peace research from seven different research institutions in the wider Hamburg region.

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## Partnership for Peace International Research Seminar in Vienna

Invited by the NATO Defense College in Rome (NDC) to participate, Ulrich Kühn spoke at the 18th Partnership for Peace International Research Seminar in Vienna on 5 February 2010. Sponsored by the NDC in cooperation with the Austrian Ministry of Defense and Sports, the seminar on "The Indivisibility of Euro-Atlantic Security" attracted approximately 170 participants, primarily OSCE Heads of Missions and Ambassadors. Elaborating on the CFE Treaty, Ulrich Kühn concentrated on the debate on conventional arms control and proposed three steps for overcoming the current impasse.

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## IFAR<sup>2</sup> at the Nuclear Test Ban Commission in Hamburg

On 8 February 2010, Oliver Meier spoke about the debate on the ratification of the Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty in the United States at a meeting of the Nuclear Test Ban Commission of the German Physical Society in Hamburg.

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## CORE Presentation at the "Border Management Staff College" Meeting



*Diana Digol, Ketil Ottersen, Hardy Roehling, Andrus Öövel at the BMSC Meeting*

At the invitation of the Border Management Staff College (BMSC) in Dushanbe (Tajikistan), CORE is actively cooperating on the development of their scientific training. In the course of this collaboration, Diana Digol has written guidelines for a scientific advisory board which she presented on 12 February 2010 at the Inaugural Meeting of the BMSC in the Vienna Hofburg. In February 2010 as well the BMSC, Director Wolfgang Maierhofer visited CORE in Hamburg and discussed further possibilities for collaboration with Wolfgang Zeller, the Director of CORE and Diana Digol. The OSCE BMSC began its work in the summer of 2009.

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## Historical Meeting at the American Academy in Berlin

On 3 February 2010, the U.S. group ("Gang of Four") and the German group of elder statesmen, which in recent newspaper opinion pieces expressed their support for the proposal of U.S. President Obama for a world without nuclear weapons, met at the American

Academy in Berlin. Participants of the U.S. group were: Henry A. Kissinger, former U.S. Secretary of State, Samuel A. Nunn, former U.S. Senator (D-GA) and co-chairman of the Nuclear Threat Initiative (NTI), William J. Perry, former Secretary of Defense, and George P. Shultz, former U.S. Secretary of State. Their German interlocutors were: Hans-Dietrich Genscher, former foreign minister, Helmut Schmidt, former chancellor, Richard von Weizsäcker, former President of Germany. Egon Bahr, Federal minister of state. Unfortunately, the former Director of IFSH was absent due to an illness. Götz Neuneck, who suggested the German activity to Egon Bahr, was among the approximately 100 guests of honor.

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## UN-Seminar in Geneva

At the invitation of the Research Institute of the United Nations, UNIDIR, the Friedrich Ebert Foundation and the Geneva Center for Security Policy, Götz Neuneck attended the two-day seminar "Reinforcing Disarmament: Combating illicit Trade in Weapons and Materials: Actors – Synergies – Challenges" in the Geneva Palace of the Nations and gave a lecture. Previously on 29 January 2010, Götz Neuneck participated in a Pugwash Conference at the University of Milan about the preparation for the next NPT Review Conference. Among the speakers were the former chairmen of the previous NPT Review Conferences Sergio Duarte, Hans Blix and Jayantha Dhanapala.

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## Publications

### OSCE Yearbook 2009

The OSCE Yearbook 2009, which was published in early 2010, contains a wealth of informed writing on the Organization, its activities, and the issues that concern it. It opens with four contributions written by leading European security experts: Adam Daniel Rotfeld asks whether Europe needs a "new security architecture", Andrei Zagorski addresses President Medvedev's proposal for a treaty on European security and the resulting "Corfu Process", as do Pál Dunay and Graeme P. Herd, while Egon Bahr and Reinhard Mutz discuss the future of détente.

The participating States in focus this year are Ukraine, Lithuania, and Belarus; Dennis Sandole also examines the implications of post-Bush era US foreign policy for Europe. The OSCE conflict prevention and dispute settlement activities discussed include the prospects for conflict resolution in Moldova, the role of the Mission in Kosovo, military aspects of the OSCE Mission to Bosnia and Herzegovina, the OSCE Centre in Astana at ten,?? and prospects for conflict settlement in Nagorno-Karabakh.

Turning to the three dimensions, contributions include Frank Evers' in-depth consideration of the OSCE's election observation activities and an informed legal discussion of de facto regimes and human rights by Hans-Joachim Heintze. Our authors also discuss problems facing human rights defenders, contradictions in international police reform, the OSCE's approach to border security and management, and the legacy of Professor Victor Yves Ghebali, who died this year. The OSCE Yearbook addresses students and academics, politicians and journalists, and the interested general public.

*Institute for Peace Research and Security Policy at the University of Hamburg/IFSH (ed.), OSCE Yearbook 2009, Yearbook on the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE), Vol. 15, Nomos, Baden-Baden 2010, ISBN 978-3-8329-5336-2, € 69.*

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## Articles

**Oliver Meier: "OPCW Chiefs Ponder Chemical Arms Deadlines", in: Arms Control Today, Vol. 40, No. 1 January/February 2010, pp. 32-33.**

The article analyses challenges for the Chemical Weapons Convention and is based on interviews with the current and designated Directors-General of the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons.

**Oliver Meier/Ian Davis: "Don't Mention the Cold War: Lord Robertson's Basil Fawley Moment", NATOWatch, 12. Februar 2010, <http://www.natowatch.org/node/294>**

The commentary is a response to a report by the Centre for European Reform and refutes the criticisms in that report targeted against the new German government's initiative to withdraw US nuclear weapons from Germany and Europe.

**Oliver Meier: „Wie Deutschland und Japan gemeinsam die nukleare Abrüstung voranbringen können“ („How Germany and Japan can advance nuclear disarmament“), Heinrich-Böll-Stiftung, März 2010,**

<http://www.boell.de/internationalepolitik/aussensicherheit/aussen-sicherheit-deutsch-japanische-partnerschaft-fuer-eine-atomwaffenfreie-Welt-8666.html>

The article analyzes options for a closer Japanese-German cooperation to strengthen the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty ahead of the May 2010 review conference.

## Staff News

### Daniela Ioana Pisoiu

joined the IFSH as research fellow on 1 January 2010 within the research project “Justification with the Same Arguments? A Research Towards the Arguments for Restricting the Human and Civil Rights in the Fight for Terrorism in the USA, EU and Russia”. Daniela studied Political Science, EU studies and American Government at the Universities of St Andrews (GB), Cincinnati (USA) and Vienna. Her PhD thesis dealt with the formulation of a theoretical model for the Islamist radicalization in Western Europe. Her research focus is on Terrorism studies, Theory of International Relations, Human Rights, social movements and framing theory.

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### Marietta S. König

Research fellow and PhD candidate left the IFSH on 31 January 2010 and took on the position as leading Reporting and Information Officer in the Zugdidi Field Office, EU Monitoring Mission/EUMM Georgia. Marietta was part of CORE from October 2004. In her work she concentrated on the effectiveness of conflict management and mediation of external actors (OSCE and UN Missions) in Georgia’s ethno-political conflicts, as well as transformation processes in the South Caucasus, and energy security related issues in the Black Sea region. At the IFSH she was the main contact person for political developments in Georgia. Several of her analyses have been published in Germany and abroad. During her time at CORE/IFSH she also observed elections for the ODIHR/OSCE and the EU. In her new function she is responsible for all the reports of the field office in Zugdidi sent to the EUMM headquarters in Tbilisi, and is therefore involved in all planning and decision making. Marietta König will continue

as a freelance researcher and PhD candidate at CORE/IFSH.

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